

튜나 기출풀이 정규과정 (9월 ~ 12월)

화요일 - 파트별(어휘/문법/독해/논리)로 문제풀이 후, 파트별 해설

금요일 - **실제시험지 크기 + OMR + 실제시험시간** -> 문풀 후, 해설

튜나 기출풀이 정규과정의 목표

1) 해당학교의 문항별 특색을 익히고, 문제접근방법을 익혀 오답률을 줄여나가는 과정

2) 문항별 시간배분방법, 실전감각까지 모두 가져가기

	해설강의 (60분 + @)	문제풀이 및 해설 (150분 + @)	과제
9월 15일		성균관대 2011	성균관대 2012 오전
9월 19일	성균관대 2012오전	성균관대 2012오후	성균관대 2013 오전
9월 22일	성균관대 2013 오전	성균관대 2013 오후	성균관대 2014
9월 26일	성균관대 2014	성균관대 2015	성균관대 2016
9월 30일	성균관대 2016	성균관대 2017	성균관대 2018
10월 3일	성균관대 2018	성균관대 2019	성균관대 2020
10월 6일	성균관대 2020	성균관대 2021	성균관대 2022
10월 10일	성균관대 2022	성균관대 2023	한국외대 19A
10월 13일	한국외대 19A	한국외대 19C	한국외대 20A
10월 17일	한국외대 20A	한국외대 20C	한국외대 21 T1
10월 20일	한국외대 2 T1	한국외대 21 T2	한국외대 21 T3
10월 24일	한국외대 21 T3	한국외대 22 T1	한국외대 22 T2
10월 27일	한국외대 22 T2	한국외대 23 T1	한국외대 23 T3
10월 31일	논리,빈칸 난이도 극악인 한양대, 서강대 대비하기위한 빈칸추론 + 더블블랭크/트리플블랭크 대비 강의		
11월 3일	논리,빈칸 난이도 극악인 한양대, 서강대 대비하기위한 빈칸추론 + 더블블랭크/트리플블랭크 대비 강의		
11월 7일	논리,빈칸 난이도 극악인 한양대, 서강대 대비하기위한 빈칸추론 + 더블블랭크/트리플블랭크 대비 강의		
11월 10일	논리,빈칸 난이도 극악인 한양대, 서강대 대비하기위한 빈칸추론 + 더블블랭크/트리플블랭크 대비 강의		
11월 14일		중앙대 17A,C	중앙대 18A,C
11월 17일	중앙대 18A,C	중앙대 19A,C	중앙대 20,21
11월 21일	중앙대 22,23	이화여대 텐블랭크 12년~16년	이화여대 17,18
11월 24일	이화여대 17,18	이화여대 19	이화여대 20,21
11월 28일	이화여대 20,21	이화여대 22	이화여대 23
12월 1일	이화여대 23	한양대 2014, 2015	한양대 16,17
12월 5일	한양대 16,17	한양대 17,18	한양대 19,20
12월 8일	한양대 19,20	한양대 21,22	한양대 23
12월 12일	한양대 23	서강대 13,14	서강대 15,16
12월 15일	서강대 15,16	서강대 17,18	서강대 19,20
12월 19일	서강대 19,20	서강대 21,22	서강대 23
12월 22일	서강대 23	기출 리와인드 및 앞으로의 방향성 질의응답 마무리	

기출과정문의는 <https://tunatransfer.co.kr>

2023학년도 편입학모집 영어 필기고사 문제지

[2교시]

※ 고사시간 - 14:00 ~ 14:50

※ 고사시작 전까지 해당표지를 넘기지 마십시오.

TUNA



덕성여자대학교
DUKSUNG WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY

2023학년도 편입학모집 영어필기고사(2교시)

지원학과		수험번호		성명	
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*배점은 각 문항 끝 괄호 안에 표시되어 있음.

[1-3] Choose the answer that has the same meaning as the word in capital letters.

1. FLEE (2점)

- ① come
- ② halt
- ③ clear
- ④ run

2. INTREPID (3점)

- ① irresolute
- ② valiant
- ③ leery
- ④ negligent

3. WILT (3점)

- ① retract
- ② burgeon
- ③ thrive
- ④ droop

[4-6] Choose the answer that has the closest meaning to the underlined word.

4. The cell is the smallest unit of life. They are the rudimentary blocks of structure, function, and unit of all living organisms. (3점)

- ① convoluted
- ② ephemeral
- ③ primitive
- ④ mundane

5. One of the most important Hellenistic cities was Alexandria in Egypt. Under the Ptolemaic dynasty, the city flourished as a center of science and culture. (2점)

- ① succumbed
- ② advanced
- ③ condescended
- ④ marshaled

6. Germany controlled much of eastern Europe and transferred its troops to the Western Front, where most of the battles were fought. Alas, their preeminence did not last as American troops arrived by the thousands each day to support the Allied powers. (3점)

- ① supremacy
- ② setback
- ③ inception
- ④ failure

[7-18] Choose the best answer to complete each question.

7. Lisa loves talking proudly about her _____. Last week, she _____ that she can speak five languages fluently. (2점)

- ① idleness—boasted
- ② accomplishments—deprecated
- ③ essence—denied
- ④ feats—bragged

8. The flight attendant caught a _____ of cigarette smoke, so she _____ the washrooms to see if someone was smoking. (3점)

- ① trace—neglected
- ② whiff—scanned
- ③ bout—scrutinized
- ④ mite—checked

9. The criminal managed to _____ from the police, and she has still not been found. (3점)

- ① abstain
- ② linger
- ③ perish
- ④ abscond

10. Thomas Henry Huxley was known as "Darwin's Bulldog" for his vigorous defense of Darwin's evolutionary theory against the arguments of its _____. (2점)

- ① founders
- ② detractors
- ③ supporters
- ④ researchers

11. Although the mayor was revered by most of the town's residents, his _____ approach to crime prompted calls for more robust enforcement measures from some members of the community. (3점)

- ① hefty
- ② steely
- ③ stern
- ④ lax

12. Warren Buffet has pledged to donate the majority of his wealth to charity and encourages other moguls to follow _____. (2점)

- ① suit
- ② cash
- ③ copy
- ④ step

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13 The details of the crime were so _____ that they were not included in news reports covering it. (4점)

- ① deferential
- ② assiduous
- ③ cloistered
- ④ heinous

14. Peter found a good job, and _____ Helen. (3점)

- ① so did
- ② too did
- ③ so
- ④ also

15. He wished she _____ have to spend so much time away from home. (3점)

- ① didn't
- ② hadn't
- ③ doesn't
- ④ couldn't

16. You requested to be notified when official mail concerning your LIY Bank account is sent to you. _____ is, therefore, to inform you that a new credit card has been issued and mailed to you. (3점)

- ① Either
- ② What
- ③ This
- ④ He

17. Sales from the Plainlee Organics Juice line _____ for less than 25 percent of the company's total revenue. (2점)

- ① account
- ② accounts
- ③ accounting
- ④ accountant

18. A: So you had many problems after your father's business collapsed?

B: Yes, _____ such financial difficulties before. (4점)

- ① never my family had experienced
- ② had my family never experienced
- ③ never had my family experienced
- ④ my family had experienced never

[19-20] Find the grammatical error in the passage.

19. (3점)

I ①walked into a pet shop and asked to see the dogs that were for sale. The owner ②led me to the back of the shop where a dog was sat wagging ③it's tail. I took a moment to crouch

down and pat the dog, and then I decided, ④without too much consideration, that he was the dog for me. Buying that dog was the best decision of my life.

- ① walked into
- ② led me
- ③ it's tail
- ④ without too much consideration

20. (4점)

Orchids exhibit great variety in areas, the way they retrieve nutrients, and ①their physical features. Most orchids, especially ②this from Africa, ③are white. Asian orchids, however, come ④ in a wide array of colors.

- ① their physical
- ② this from Africa
- ③ are white
- ④ in a wide array of colors

[21-33] Read the following passages and answer the questions.

[21]

A recent study investigated _____. Participants were asked to hold one of two poses: slumped sitting or sitting up straight. While holding the posture, they completed a simulated job application, listing their own strong points and shortcomings relevant for the job. Afterwards, they rated themselves as a good candidate for the job, a good interviewee for the position, and a satisfied future employee. The result showed that posture had a significant effect on these ratings. Sitting slumped over was associated with lower work-related self-confidence than sitting up straight. Therefore, posture can be shown to impact one's self-esteem.

21. Which of the following best completes the passage? (3점)

- ① what is the most important factor in getting a job
- ② how posture influences job interviews
- ③ which posture produces the most health benefits
- ④ how posture influences self-confidence

[22]

As many as 130 million domestic water buffalo are raised in agricultural settings throughout India and Southeast Asia. Broad hooves and foot joints allow them to maneuver in sodden wetlands and wallow in muddy pools without sinking too deeply into the silt. In addition to these adaptations, the animals possess extreme size and weight, standing up to 1.9 meters and weighing as much as 1,200 kilograms. Owing to such characteristics, water buffalo have long served as beasts of burden, helping farmers till rice fields in southern Asia for more than five millennia.

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22. Which of the following is correct about water buffalo according to the passage? (3점)

- ① Their numbers in Asia are in excess of 130 million.
- ② Their immense weight causes them to sink in mud.
- ③ They were domesticated in Asia over 5,000 years ago.
- ④ They reach a maximum height of 1.5 meters.

[23-25]

Tides are the periodic rise and fall of the Earth's waters that are caused by the Moon's and Sun's forces of gravity acting on the Earth. It is important to distinguish natural tidal phenomena from huge tsunamis, with the latter being caused by earthquakes and undersea volcanic eruptions.

The Moon is a main factor controlling ordinary tides. At the location on the Earth closest to the Moon, it exerts a powerful gravitational pull on the water. The resulting rise in the water produces higher tides. The water on the side of the Earth farthest away from the Moon also gets pulled by this lunar gravity, but not as strongly. The Earth itself has its own gravitational force that is constantly pulling waters downward, which is why the oceans do not simply bulge out toward the Moon. Ordinary tides usually feature high and low waters alternating in relation to the Earth's rotation. Most shores around the world have two high waters and two low waters for each day, which last about 24 hours and 50 minutes. The difference in height between the high water and low water is called the range of tide, and it can be quite dramatic in the narrowest bays. Canada's Bay of Fundy, for example, commonly experiences the world's most extreme tidal ranges, with daily differences of 16 meters.

Two other types of tides are influenced by the Sun which is much farther away from the Earth and exerts less than half of the Moon's gravitational force. When the Sun, the Moon and the Earth are directly in line, the solar and lunar gravitational forces add up to produce higher spring tides. The range of spring tides is intensified, with higher high water marks and lower low water marks. The opposing solar and lunar forces partially cancel each other out, and the result is a lower tide. This is called a neap tide, which comes twice a month and has lower high water marks and higher low water marks. The range of neap tides is minimum.

Some tides do not occur over water at all. The solid body of the Earth has slight elasticity, so lunar and solar gravity cause it to stretch very subtly. These changes in the Earth's shape, although **imperceptible** to humans, are known as Earth tides. Another tidal phenomenon, atmospheric tides, is caused by the Sun's heating of the Earth's atmosphere. Like ordinary tides, they usually occur over 12 hour periods.

23. The word "**imperceptible**" in the passage could best be replaced by _____. (3점)

- ① not noticeable
- ② difficult to explain
- ③ not generally known
- ④ not able to be said

24. According to the passage, it is true that _____. (4점)

- ① neap tides occur when the forces of the Sun and the Moon combine to create higher tides
- ② most coastal areas on Earth experience one high and one low tide per day
- ③ the Sun has more gravitational force than the Moon because of its larger size
- ④ the range of tide is greater in spring tides than in ordinary tides

25. Which is true about the Moon's gravitational force? (3점)

- ① It pulls water more strongly when it is on the farthest side of the Earth.
- ② It is more than twice as powerful as that of the Sun.
- ③ It has reduced gravity when it is lined up with the Sun and the Earth.
- ④ Its force is strongest when it is located at 90 degrees to the Earth.

[26]

Archaeological excavations in southern Türkiye recently brought to the surface a magnificent marble statue depicting Emperor Marcus Aurelius. Renowned as a popular leader of the empire during the second century, the discovery has prompted many to ask: what was Marcus Aurelius really like? Hollywood famously fictionalized the emperor in 2000 for Ridley Scott's Oscar-winning epic *Gladiator*, _____, the true life of Marcus Aurelius elicits far more interest than the character who played the role of Marcus Aurelius in Scott's movie.

26. Which of the following best completes the passage? (3점)

- ① nevertheless
- ② thus
- ③ likewise
- ④ meanwhile

[27-28]

Tailgating another vehicle is unsafe and illegal. Many rear-end collisions are caused by drivers following too close to the vehicle in front of them. The rules state that a driver must keep sufficient distance from the vehicle in front in order to stop safely and avoid a collision. Drivers should allow a minimum gap of two seconds between their vehicle and the one ahead. At sixty kilometers an hour, this equates to thirty-three meters; at a hundred it equates to fifty-five meters. More distance is needed to safely stop in rain or poor visibility.

27. Tailgating another vehicle is unsafe because _____. (3점)

- ① all rear end collisions are caused by drivers following too closely to the vehicle in front
- ② it may not allow sufficient time and space to stop and avoid a collision

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- ③ it provides a greater amount of time to stop in rain or poor visibility
- ④ it equates to thirty-three meters of stopping time when travelling at a hundred kilometers an hour

28. "More distance is needed to safely stop in rain or poor visibility."

We can infer from this statement that _____. (4점)

- ① people should use greater acceleration in rain and poor visibility
- ② the writer is merely calculating on the safe side
- ③ the road rules advocate for avoiding the writer's advice
- ④ braking is more hazardous in these conditions

[29-31]

Many of the things that we think of as vegetables are, in strict botanical terms, actually fruits. Most of us know that the tomato, for example, is a botanical fruit—and when we commit the grave error of referring to a tomato as a vegetable there is often some wise soul nearby willing to correct us. The pumpkin is also a botanical fruit. The same goes for cucumbers, squash, avocados, and even corn—because, in botanical terms, a fruit is defined as "any edible part of a plant derived from its ovary."

An admirably precise definition, as one might well expect from the scientific community! And yet for some reason this abundantly clear distinction has done little to change which plants members of the general public tend to refer to as fruits and which ones they tend to refer to as vegetables. The scientific definition of these terms thus remains at odds with the popular understanding.

But it is not only the general public who defied scientific authority: a body no less **august** than the U.S. Supreme Court once had to rule on whether the tomato could be legally defined as a vegetable, and it too bucked the scientific definition. In a case in which the Supreme Court had to rule on whether tomatoes should be taxed as fruits or as vegetables, the Court devised its own rules for how such matters should be decided. According to the Supreme Court, a vegetable is any part of a plant that is generally served with the main part of the meal, whereas a fruit is a plant that would generally be eaten with or as a dessert—although, as far as I know, they took no position on appetizers.

29. The passage focuses mainly on _____. (4점)

- ① why the U.S. Supreme Court and the scientific community use contrasting definitions for tomatoes
- ② the public's reaction to the U.S. Supreme Court's ruling
- ③ describing various kinds of fruits that people assume are vegetables
- ④ discussing the different definitions of common terms

30. The word "**august**" most nearly means _____. (3점)

- ① distinguished
- ② rebellious
- ③ humble
- ④ agreeable

31. According to the passage, the scientific definition of a botanical fruit _____. (3점)

- ① is basically the same as the definition of a vegetable
- ② is well respected by the U.S. Supreme Court
- ③ does not have much of an impact on how people use the word "fruit"
- ④ applies only to a small number of fruits, such as the pumpkin

[32-33]

Both as a line of work and as a discipline, economics lost substantial status during the recession of 1984-1985. The crisis that seized the western developed countries, including the U.S., was of a character not to be found in economics textbooks: rate of inflation exceeding 20% a year attached with diminishing production and high rates of unemployment. This combination was rightly called stagflation. Typically, peacetime price rises had been linked with high employment and an overactive economy, while high rates of unemployment went with decline or misery.

32. It is said in the text that the economic crisis of the mid-1980s _____. (3점)

- ① followed the same pattern as the earlier economic crises
- ② had little impact on the economies of developed nations
- ③ caused people to lose faith in economics
- ④ was characterized only by high inflation and high employment

33. The main idea stressed in the passage is _____. (4점)

- ① the growing unpopularity of economics as a science
- ② the relationship between unemployment and recession
- ③ the unusual nature and the extensive effects of the economic crisis of the 1980s
- ④ the industrial decline of the U.S. and some western countries