

## 2022학년도 편입학 전형 필기고사

# 영 어 [인문계열]

모집단위			
수험번호		성 명	

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[1-4] Choose the most appropriate one for each blank.

1. [1점]

One example of population origins and history is the case of Native American populations. Europeans became aware of the existence of the New World (the Americas) and Native Americans following the initial exploration of Christopher Columbus in 1492, when he attempted to circumnavigate the earth to find an alternate route from Europe to Asia. Indeed, when Columbus arrived in the New World, he thought he had succeeded in reaching the "Indies," the term then used for Asia. \_\_\_\_\_, the native peoples found in the New World became known as "Indians." A number of people contemplated exactly where these people had originated. For those who interpreted the natural world from a strict biblical perspective, Native Americans were seen as one of the lost tribes of Israel.

- Ⓐ Instead                      Ⓑ Nonetheless
- Ⓒ Consequently              Ⓓ To begin with
- Ⓔ By comparison

2. [1점]

Christmas is referred to as the most wonderful time of the year for a reason. People love participating in Christmas traditions and Christmas activities with their favorite people as they count down the days to the big holiday. It seems like there's so much to do and so little time during the holidays, though: \_\_\_\_\_?

We get that you're busy with holiday shopping, cooking, baking, and probably a thousand other things as you prepare for Christmas. That's why we've created a list of the best Christmas activities to do this holidays season. These activities incorporate fun Christmas themes, and the best part is that you can do them whenever you please; during the week, on weekends, and even on Christmas Eve. Bookmark this list and use it to plan a season full of festive fun!

- Ⓐ what are you going to buy
- Ⓑ who are you going to invite
- Ⓒ why do you stay alone at Christmas
- Ⓓ what do you cook for Christmas dinner
- Ⓔ how do you narrow down the list of things to do

3. [1.5점]

A fundamental concept in toxicology is that every material can be poisonous under some conditions, but most chemicals have some safe level or threshold below which their effects are

undetectable or insignificant. Each of us consumes lethal doses of many chemicals over the course of a lifetime. One hundred cups of strong coffee, \_\_\_\_①\_\_\_\_, contain a lethal dose of caffeine. Similarly, one hundred aspirin tablets, or ten kilograms of spinach, or a liter of alcohol would be deadly if consumed all at once. Taken in small doses, however, most toxins can be broken down or excreted before they do much harm. Furthermore, damage they cause can be repaired. Sometimes, \_\_\_\_②\_\_\_\_, mechanisms that protect us from one type of toxin or at one stage in the life cycle become deleterious with another substance or in another stage of development.

\*excrete: 배설, 방출하다

- |                |             |
|----------------|-------------|
| ①              | ②           |
| Ⓐ meanwhile    | yet         |
| Ⓑ moreover     | accordingly |
| Ⓒ for instance | therefore   |
| Ⓓ for instance | however     |
| Ⓔ meanwhile    | likewise    |

4. [1.5점]

Accidents and illness can strike mountaineers, just as they can hit urban dwellers at home. \_\_\_\_①\_\_\_\_, the mountaineer must be able to manage the situation far from expert help, providing the first aid to the victim. In addition to everyday injuries and ailments, the mountain environment and the physical demands of wilderness travel introduce new hazards to the mountaineer's well-being. The most artful mountaineers grow adept at minimizing the hazards of life in the mountains, preventing exposure to risk whenever possible. For the members of a mountaineering party, skillful prevention of becoming victims is vastly preferable to being mere experts at treating injuries after they occur. Despite prevention awareness, any mountaineer could become the individual who requires first-aid help: the first-aid expert of the group could become the victim. \_\_\_\_②\_\_\_\_, it's best for all members of the party to train in first aid, through mountaineering-oriented first-aid courses such as those offered by the American Red Cross.

- |                |             |
|----------------|-------------|
| ①              | ②           |
| Ⓐ However      | Therefore   |
| Ⓑ For instance | Similarly   |
| Ⓒ In addition  | Otherwise   |
| Ⓓ For instance | In contrast |
| Ⓔ However      | Nonetheless |

[5-6] Choose the best title of the passage.

5. [1점]

“My kids used to have assigned rooms that they were responsible for cleaning, but that always led to arguments,” says Kresta George. So last summer, the mother of four came up with a new strategy. She wrote each of the daily chores on a craft stick and put the sticks in a cup along with a few blanks. “Every day we take turns drawing the sticks,” she explains. “The kids like that their chores are totally random, and that there is always the possibility of drawing a blank stick and getting a freebie! I like that they can’t complain to me about things not being fair, because I didn’t assign the chores, and I drew my sticks too. Obviously, the little ones don’t do as good a job as the older ones, but since we get new chores every day, the house stays pretty clean and we stay pretty happy.”

- Ⓐ Cooperative Work as the Best Learning Tool
- Ⓑ Strategies to Reduce Kids’ Stress at Playground
- Ⓒ How to Make Kids Help Out More in the School
- Ⓓ Tips for Teaching Kids Responsibility in House
- Ⓔ Playing with Craft Sticks Leading to Solidarity at Home

6. [1.5점]

“People have a preconceived notion of self-care and think that they have to engage in specific tasks,” says Candice Williams, a licensed professional counselor and athletic counselor at The Ohio State University. “But self-care is what you make it. I always tell my clients that they can make their own rules.”

You can opt to build a daily, weekly, quarterly, or annual self-care regimen. Maybe this includes 15-minute meditations and/or nightly journaling. Add in an eight-hour sleep routine or commit to quarterly mini-vacations.

The main goal of self-care includes engaging “in meaningful activities that reduce stress, while promoting optimal health and well-being,” says Barbara Ford Shabazz, clinical psychologist and director of the psychology program at South University. “Creating a plan is a highly individualized endeavor,” she says.

- Ⓐ Be Realistic
- Ⓑ Make a “We” List
- Ⓒ Commit to Consistency
- Ⓓ Recognize Your Barriers
- Ⓔ Make Up Your Own Rules

7. Which of the following does not fit in the passage? [1.5점]

To understand Darwin’s contribution and evolution in general, it is necessary to take a look at earlier ideas. For many centuries, the concept of change, biological or otherwise, was rather unusual in Western thought. Much of ancient Greek philosophy, for example, posited a static, unchanging view of the world. In later Western thought, the universe, earth, and all living creatures were regarded as having been created by God in their present form, showing little, if any, change over many generations. [A] Many biologists shared this view, and their science consisted mainly of description and categorization. [B] A good example is Carolus Linnaeus, a Swedish naturalist who compiled one of the first formal classifications of all known living creatures. [C] Instead of looking at the world in terms of fixed, rigid categories as did mainstream biology in his time, Darwin saw that individuals within species varied considerably from place to place. [D] Linnaeus’s taxonomic research produced a classification of all known living creatures into meaningful groups. [E] Such a classification helps clarify relationships between different organisms.

- Ⓐ [A]
- Ⓑ [B]
- Ⓒ [C]
- Ⓓ [D]
- Ⓔ [E]

8. Which of the following is the best place for the sentence in the box? [2점]

But such adaptations are expensive.

Earthquakes cannot be forecast, but engineers can prepare for them. **[A]** Seismic-isolation systems built into the bases of certain buildings in high-risk areas, such as San Francisco’s City Hall, use complex structures of concrete, rubber and metal to reduce quake damage by absorbing the ground’s horizontal oscillations, like a car’s suspension does with vertical motion. **[B]** Engineer Jian Zhang of the University of California, Los Angeles, says incorporating seismic isolation can increase construction costs by up to 20 percent. Although these systems might save more than they cost over time, builders in some earthquake-prone regions may not have the budget for them up-front. **[C]** A new seismic-isolation method uses the physics of rolling to create a simpler, lower-cost alternative with readily available materials: recycled tennis balls. **[D]** “Everyone plays tennis, and they don’t know what to do with the tennis

balls after each game,” says ETH Zürich seismic engineer Michalis Vassiliou. [E]

\*seismic: 지진의, 진동의

- Ⓐ [A]
- Ⓑ [B]
- Ⓒ [C]
- Ⓓ [D]
- Ⓔ [E]

[9-10] Choose the best order for a passage starting with the given sentence in the box.

9. [2점]

When trying to describe the quantity or quality of something, whether a chemical substance or physical phenomenon, it is helpful to have some standard measure to refer to.

- [A] This was helpful in that when a distance between, for example, a house and a water well was described in feet, one who had never seen the house in question would have an instant idea of how far away the well was, based solely on a verbal description.
- [B] For instance, in the old English system, a foot was just that—the length of a man’s foot.
- [C] A unit is nothing more than a standard by which a measured value can be described.
- [D] The concept hasn’t changed today, although our standards make better scientific sense and are more exact.

- Ⓐ [A]-[B]-[D]-[C]
- Ⓑ [C]-[B]-[A]-[D]
- Ⓒ [C]-[A]-[B]-[D]
- Ⓓ [D]-[B]-[C]-[A]
- Ⓔ [D]-[A]-[C]-[B]

10. [1.5점]

Having chapped lips is one of those health annoyances that’s technically survivable but can still make your life quite miserable, especially if they get to the point where they bleed.

- [A] That being said, there are some other factors that could be causing your peeling lips, from diet to a more serious health condition like sunburn, allergic reactions, or skin cancer. If that’s the case, no amount of lip balm is going to fix it.
- [B] So before you convince yourself that you have a serious medical condition, keep in

mind that your lips are naturally more sensitive than the rest of your skin, and any dryness or peeling can likely be treated with a few swipes of lip balm.

[C] Chances are you have nothing to worry about. Lips are naturally dry. Your lips don’t have oil glands. So, it can be very difficult for your lips to retain moisture.

[D] In addition, your lips don’t have much of an outer layer at all. Unlike the rest of our skin, many areas of the lips do not have a top layer of skin.

- Ⓐ [A]-[B]-[C]-[D]
- Ⓑ [A]-[D]-[B]-[C]
- Ⓒ [B]-[D]-[A]-[C]
- Ⓓ [C]-[A]-[B]-[D]
- Ⓔ [C]-[D]-[B]-[A]

11. Which of the following is the main idea of the passage? [1.5점]

Newton’s Laws, and dynamics as a whole, provide us with fundamental axioms for the study of classical mechanics. Perhaps the most significant concept derived in dynamics is that of work. The understanding of work greatly simplifies many physical situations. It allows us to evaluate forces over distance and time, to give us a broader understanding not just of the forces acting on a given object, but about what happens to that object over the course of a given journey. In addition, the concept of work makes calculations easier, and allows us to extend our study to other realms. Once we have an understanding of work both mathematically and conceptually, we can apply it to a new concept, energy, and establish the Work-Energy Theorem. Work is not only a gateway to more advanced mechanics concepts. It is a concept used in all areas of physics.

- Ⓐ The most significant concept in physics is energy.
- Ⓑ Work is applied to mathematics as well as physics.
- Ⓒ Newton’s Laws lay foundations of modern mechanics.
- Ⓓ Work simplifies the calculation of complex physical situations.
- Ⓔ A good understanding of work is essential for studies of physics.

12. The following are activities to help you connect with your loved one with dementia. Which of the following has the most appropriate heading? [1점]

- [A] **Organize a kitchen cabinet**—Digging out old albums or boxes of photos might take a little time, but it’s likely to be very rewarding. Your loved one with dementia might be able to talk about old times in a way that they haven’t for months (possibly years).
- [B] **Go for a walk**—This simple activity reconnects you with your loved one with dementia. Miller recalls that her mother, who had dementia, loved “the tactile exercise of smoothing and folding paper” while unpacking and organizing a box of fragile china dishes.
- [C] **Watch old movies**—Dr. Landman explains that playing music from your loved one’s younger years may help them perk up emotionally and even physically, as he’s seen some dementia patients begin to sing or dance along with old favorites.
- [D] **Listen to music together**—Like music, old movies can spark long-lost memories. Dr. Landman says some dementia patients have memories linked to old-time films—perhaps they remember the plot or even a childhood friend who attended the theater with them.
- [E] **Work on a puzzle together**—This is not meant to be a means to “fix” your loved one’s memory loss. Completing a puzzle will not cure dementia. But it can support your loved one’s functioning and make them feel accomplished in the hours you spend in partnership on the task.

- Ⓐ [A]                      Ⓑ [B]  
 Ⓒ [C]                      Ⓓ [D]  
 Ⓔ [E]

13. Which of the following is not stated or implied about Jean-Jacques Rousseau in the passage? [1.5점]

Jean-Jacques Rousseau was born in Geneva, Switzerland, on June 12, 1712. His mother died soon after his birth, and his father virtually abandoned him at the age of twelve. Orphaned at such an early age, Rousseau spent many years as an itinerant, working variously as a clerk, an engraver, and a private tutor. By 1742, he had made his way to Paris and befriended Diderot, a major figure in the fledgling intellectual

movement that would later be called the Enlightenment. Rousseau had his first success as a writer when he was forty years old. In 1752, he won a prize from the Academy at Dijon for his *First Discourse on the Arts and Sciences*, in which he provocatively argued that the advance of civilization mostly corrupted human morals and goodness. This thesis would run through all his later philosophical works. In 1762, Rousseau released both *The Social Contract* and *Émile*. Both works were violently scorned by official forces and intellectuals alike, and both were publicly burned in Paris and Geneva. The French monarchy ordered that Rousseau be arrested, and he fled to the Swiss town of Neuchâtel. Rousseau spent much of the subsequent years seeking to escape continued attacks from French authorities and many of his contemporaries.

- Ⓐ He passed through many careers in his youth.  
 Ⓑ He became a fugitive politically and intellectually later in his life.  
 Ⓒ He wrote books which became best-sellers throughout Europe in his 30s.  
 Ⓓ He denounced civilization because he believed it to corrupt human goodness.  
 Ⓔ He was acquainted with one of the most important Enlightenment thinkers in Paris.

14. How can we get the gift certificate described in the passage? [2점]

Climeworks Co. owns the world’s largest direct-air carbon capture facility, in Iceland, where dozens of machines suck in air and filter out the CO<sub>2</sub>, so it can be stored permanently underground and prevented from contributing to global warming. For 85 euros (about \$96), Climeworks will remove and store 85kg of CO<sub>2</sub>. You’ll be emailed a gift certificate to send to your loved one, helping them mitigate their guilt over flying across the country, eating a lot of meat or other carbon-intensive activities they plan to engage in over the holidays. The company calls it “the world’s most sustainable gift.”

- Ⓐ By stopping eating meat
- Ⓑ By making carbon-free products
- Ⓒ By buying airplane tickets rather than driving a car
- Ⓓ By endorsing activities that do not emit much carbon
- Ⓔ By paying for a reduced amount of carbon in the air

[15-16] Read the passage and answer the questions.

A key strategy for eating well is to select foods that offer significant amounts of nutrients but a small number of calories. [A] If a particular food has a high ratio of nutrients to calories, it is a nutritionally dense food. [B] The procedure for determining the nutrient density of food consists of adding the percentage of the recommended dietary allowance for the eight essential nutrients listed on the package label for one serving and dividing by the number of calories per serving. [C] The higher the score, the higher the nutritional quality (nutrient density) of the food. If two foods have the same number of calories per serving but one has more nutrients, it is more nutritionally dense. [D] The concept of nutrient density can help the health-conscious and weight-conscious person make informed choices. [E] With the number of foods available and the promises and claims that come with them, people need a way to evaluate foods. Nutrient density is one technique that consumers can use to select food.

15. Which is the best place in the passage for the sentence in the box? [1.5점]

This ratio, called nutrient density, provides a quantitative basis for judging the nutritional quality of food.

- Ⓐ [A]                                      Ⓑ [B]
- Ⓒ [C]                                      Ⓓ [D]
- Ⓔ [E]

16. What is the main topic of the passage? [1.5점]

- Ⓐ Nutrient density to evaluate foods
- Ⓑ Nutritional information for older people
- Ⓒ Ways of calculating nutrient density of foods
- Ⓓ Relations between nutrients and calories in foods
- Ⓔ Importance of taking nutritionally balanced foods for weight loss

[17-18] Read the passage and answer the questions.

For the long centuries of the Middle Age (500–1350 AD), there was little scientific inquiry and experimentation. The Catholic Church had preserved acceptance of ①a system of beliefs based on the teachings of the ancient Greeks and Romans. However, during the Renaissance ②this doctrinal passivity began to change. The quest to understand the natural world led to the revival of botany and anatomy by thinkers such as Andreas Vesalius during the later sixteenth century. These scientific observers were surprised to find that their conclusions did not always match up with the accepted truths, and this finding inspired others to delve further into the study of the world around them. Scientific study quickly extended from the earth to the heavens, and Nicolas Copernicus, upon examining the records of the motions of heavenly bodies, soon discarded ③the geocentric theory that placed the Earth at the center of the solar system and replaced it with a heliocentric theory in which the Earth was simply one of a number of planets orbiting the sun. Though ④this scheme seemed to comply better with the astronomical records of the time, Copernicus had little direct evidence to support his claims. Not ready to abandon ⑤traditional beliefs, the forces of tradition kept the heliocentric theory from achieving full acceptance. The theory awaited the advancement of mathematics and physics to support its claims.

17. Which one refers to a different thing from the others in the passage? [1.5점]

- Ⓐ ①    Ⓑ ②
- Ⓒ ③    Ⓓ ④
- Ⓔ ⑤

18. According to the passage, which is not stated or implied? [1.5점]

- Ⓐ Science flourished in the age of Renaissance.
- Ⓑ Andreas Vesalius was one of the Renaissance researchers.
- Ⓒ Copernicus proved his astronomical findings mathematically.
- Ⓓ The Catholic Church supported the geocentric theory.
- Ⓔ The revival of mathematics and physics followed that of botany, anatomy, and astronomy.

[19-20] Read the passage and answer the questions.

The researchers were looking at the long-range temporal correlation (LRTC) of alpha waves at the frontocentral lobe—an area of the brain associated with our concept of self and decision making. “For the past 20 years, cognitive neuroscience has been dominated by the approach of examining brain regions that are activated in response to external stimuli that trigger specific cognitive processes,” says Professor Nakao, who teaches psychology at Hiroshima University. “In other words, research has been conducted from the perspective of which part of the brain is responsible for a particular cognitive function.” [A] The research team noticed that if there was more random activity or so-called noise that interrupted the long memory of alpha waves at the frontocentral lobe, then participants in their study were more likely to experience identity confusion. [B] That confusion was measured as the subjective feeling of being temporally changeable and fragmented, indecisive, and being unable to commit to important life decisions.

[C] Constructing a subjective identity involves the integration of different aspects of consciousness, since our sense of a unified self relies on multiple cognitive functions like our ability to process external and internal stimuli and inputs from our social environment, and to perceive the passing of time. [D] Psychologists and neuroscientists believe that the temporal dynamics of brain activity, like the LRTC of alpha waves, hold some valuable insights. They might help facilitate the cognitive processes necessary to form an integrated sense of self. [E] “Although the details of the mechanism behind the relationship between LRTC and identity are unknown and will be explored in the future, we can assume that LRTC provides temporal stability in the processing of external inputs, which contributes to the integration of identity,” says Nakao.

19. Which is the best place for the sentence in the box? [1.5점]

But that approach has begun to shift in recent years, he adds, with more interest in the temporal dynamics of the brain.

- Ⓐ [A]
- Ⓑ [B]
- Ⓒ [C]
- Ⓓ [D]
- Ⓔ [E]

20. According to the passage, which of the following is not stated? [2점]

- Ⓐ Identity confusion may lead to inability to commit to important life decisions.
- Ⓑ The researchers found the evidence that the LRTC of alpha waves influences identity integration.
- Ⓒ The researchers found a relationship between interruption of the LRTC of alpha waves and identity confusion.
- Ⓓ The frontocentral lobe of the brain is associated with our concept of self and decision making.
- Ⓔ Neuroscientists have mainly focused on examining which part of the brain is responsible for a particular cognitive function.

[21-25] Choose the most appropriate one for each blank.

21. [2.2점]

The world’s poorest people have become both the victims and the agents of \_\_\_\_\_. The poorest people are too often forced to meet short-term survival needs at the cost of long-term sustainability. Desperate for croplands to feed themselves and their families, many move into virgin forests or cultivate steep, erosion-prone hillsides where soil nutrients are exhausted after only a few years. Others migrate to the grimy, crowded slums and ramshackle shantytowns that now surround most major cities in the developing world. With no way to dispose of wastes, the residents often foul their environment further and contaminate the air they breathe and the water on which they depend for washing and drinking.

\*shantytown: 판자촌, 빈민가

- Ⓐ malnutrition
- Ⓑ fast urbanization
- Ⓒ population growth
- Ⓓ world industrialization
- Ⓔ environmental degradation



22. [1.6점]

Architecture can \_\_\_\_\_ the way people interact with the world, and architects must anticipate how a building will impact the local area. If the design of a building includes a lot of large windows, the people working inside maintain a connection with nature because they can see the sky. When people abandon old warehouses, which is left to collapse, this creates an opportunity for developers to acquire such properties and convert them into shops, apartments, and offices.

- Ⓐ isolate
- Ⓑ observe
- Ⓒ transform
- Ⓓ appreciate
- Ⓔ commercialize

23. [1.6점]

French government announced new environmental regulations in order to erase plastics out in many industries. The country banned plastic straws, cups and cutlery, as well as polystyrene takeaway boxes from 2021. And, in 2022, public spaces will be forced to provide water fountains to reduce the use of plastic bottles, publications will have to be shipped without plastic wrapping, and fast-food restaurants will no longer be able to offer free plastic toys. However, industry figures have expressed concerns about the \_\_\_\_\_, saying that removal of plastic packaging from fruit and vegetables at such short notice does not allow alternatives to be tested and introduced in a timely manner and stocks of existing packaging to be cleared.

- Ⓐ skill
- Ⓑ speed
- Ⓒ expense
- Ⓓ publishing industry
- Ⓔ fast-food restaurant

24. [1.6점]

For centuries, farmers strove to select the most productive and hardy from among their crops and farm animals. It was only natural for scientists at agricultural experiment stations around the world to seek a better way of reaching the same ends by creating hybrid crops and animals. They now use the techniques of genetic engineering to create even more productive crops and animals. \_\_\_\_\_ ① some

scientists have discovered that there are limits to and dangers in their creative powers to produce hybrid mono-cultures, whether on the farm, in the forest, or at sea. For example, the industrial forest, pushed and pulled by pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers to produce uniform softwoods for the pulp and paper industry, is at risk of various budworm infestations and of weakened soils that are greatly susceptible to erosion. \_\_\_\_\_ ② \_\_\_\_\_, all mono-cultures are highly vulnerable to single predators, and they require intensive care and expensive chemical inputs to protect them.

\*mono-culture: 단일 경작

- |   |             |             |
|---|-------------|-------------|
|   | ①           | ②           |
| Ⓐ | But         | Indeed      |
| Ⓑ | Thus        | Meanwhile   |
| Ⓒ | But         | However     |
| Ⓓ | Thus        | Likewise    |
| Ⓔ | Nonetheless | In contrast |

25. [2.4점]

Alfred Hitchcock domesticated the atomic countdown in the 1957 made-for-television movie *Four O'Clock*, transplanting it into the basement of a suburban home wired with explosives. The televised countdowns of the 1950s, whether real or fictional, were frightening temporal experiences in which time was distended and stretched, and then extinguished. \_\_\_\_\_, on May 5, 1961, the countdown got its first major positive association. Some 45 million Americans watching the national nightly news heard the countdown to the successful launch of America's first manned space flight. The blast-off was followed by astronaut Alan Shepard saying, "Roger, lift off and the clock has started." Time did not end, as apocalyptic countdown had threatened; instead, a new clock began.

- Ⓐ However
- Ⓑ Instead
- Ⓒ After all
- Ⓓ For example
- Ⓔ Furthermore

26. Which of the following is the best title of the passage? [1.6점]

If the idea of meal-prepping seems intimidating, you're not alone. For someone who has never meal-prepped, seeing pictures of endless containers ready to be filled might make his/her head spin. But it's a technique that can make anyone's life easier. Meal-prep can be any level of preparation that you do in advance for the week. There are a lot of reasons to meal-prep based on what your goals are. Maybe you're missing some nutrients in your diet, or you're trying to eat more fruits and vegetables, or you're trying not to overdo it on carbs. Meal-prepping helps you keep better track of what you're eating, making it easier to hit and modify your nutritional goals accordingly. Preparing ingredients or cooking meals in advance can help ease some of the stress by forcing you to create an action plan well in advance.

- Ⓐ Ways to Stay Healthy
- Ⓑ How to Fill Food Containers
- Ⓒ Why You Should Meal-Prep
- Ⓓ Importance of a Balanced Eating
- Ⓔ Meal-Prepping Saves Your Money

27. Which of the following does not fit in the passage? [1.8점]

When David Hockney first arrived in Santa Monica, in 1964, he decided to ride his bicycle across Los Angeles as far as Pershing Square, which he had heard was a prime cruising spot. Only too late did he realize that the journey was eighteen miles. [A]He resolved to buy a car the next day. [B]The LA that these visitors descended on last month was not the one they remembered. Christopher Hawthorne told this story a couple of weeks ago, delivering it with a wan smile. "There's a whole genre of non-LA artists and writers coming here and trying to bike the city," he said. "Newcomers just don't understand the scale." The former architecture critic of the *Los Angeles Times* was sitting in a courtyard at the California Institute of Technology in Pasadena, looking off to the west and the uncyclable expanses beyond: somewhere out there, for the first time in a long time, a full battalion of artists and writers, many of them deploying from New York, was once again dashing around town, having arrived in the city

for the Felix Art Fair. [C]Only the foolish among them would do their dashing on two wheels; [D]Hawthorne, naturally, knew better. "LA hasn't changed *that* much," he said. [E]In many ways, around these parts, it's still 1964.

- Ⓐ [A]
- Ⓑ [B]
- Ⓒ [C]
- Ⓓ [D]
- Ⓔ [E]

[28-29] Choose the best place for the sentence in the box.

28. [2.4점]

Abilities of this kind are evidence that some degree of auditory training must begin within the womb.

Very young babies present an extraordinary range of auditory abilities. There have been several experiments in which different sounds are played to babies, and their responses monitored. **[A]** For example, day-old babies have been played their mother's voice speaking normally, the same voice speaking abnormally (in a monotone), and a stranger's voice: only the first caused them to attend. **[B]** Other studies have shown how babies turn their heads towards the source of a sound within the first few days of life, and prefer human voices to non-human sounds as early as 2 weeks. **[C]** On the other hand, the question of when babies learn to distinguish the sounds of speech is controversial. **[D]** An auditory ability to discriminate certain pairs of consonants or vowels (e.g. [pa] vs [ba]) is present from around 4 weeks, and this ability to discriminate becomes increasingly sophisticated in subsequent months. **[E]**

- Ⓐ [A]
- Ⓑ [B]
- Ⓒ [C]
- Ⓓ [D]
- Ⓔ [E]

29. [1.8점]

Young people, with and without a disability, found these benefits particularly important, with 80% citing them as a major decision-making factor.

It's important for employers to have policies and initiatives that prioritize and empower workers with disabilities, with 61 million American adults identifying as disabled. **[A]** The majority of

members of the disability community surveyed by Adobe say that accessibility and inclusivity benefits are a deciding factor in evaluating a job opportunity. [B] Access to hybrid work was also a major deciding factor among employees, especially with the ongoing pandemic. [C] Adobe found that 46% of the general population first look at a companies' hybrid and remote work policies when deciding about an employment opportunity. [D] This was even more favorable among the disability community, with 58% preferring remote and hybrid workplaces. [E]

- a [A]                      b [B]
- c [C]                      d [D]
- e [E]

30. Which of the following is the best order for a passage starting with the given sentence in the box? [2.4점]

From "let the cat out of the bag" to "the dog days of summer," there are all sorts of idiomatic expressions that don't actually mean what they sound like they mean.

- [A] Everyone knows you're talking about quitting something—usually an addictive or unhealthy habit—*not* deciding to no longer eat lukewarm bird.
- [B] Take "quit cold turkey," for instance.
- [C] But why do we use this expression? What do turkeys have to do with quitting something?
- [D] In fact, you might hear this when people are talking about their New Year's resolutions.

- a [B]-[A]-[D]-[C]
- b [B]-[C]-[A]-[D]
- c [C]-[A]-[B]-[D]
- d [C]-[B]-[D]-[A]
- e [D]-[B]-[A]-[C]

31. Which of the following does not refer to a mannequin? [2.2점]

Mannequins are a kind of living organism; Aaron knew that. Though rigidly fixed in place and confined by an uncanny plastic shell, every model in every shop in the mall had been imprinted by human touch. The employees that dressed them, moved them, and posed them on display racks left a little piece of themselves inside their work—a twinge of personhood in

every milky figurine. Each one was a celebration of the living, breathing, human form. That's why Aaron wasn't entirely surprised when Cynthia first turned ①her head. He had been in charge of the clearance section for four years at that point; he knew every model by name, by serial number, by style. He typically fitted Cynthia in short casual sundresses, mostly warm colors, and a pair of worn tawny slingbacks that had never made it off the shelf. ②He also dressed Marco, always posed at the far end of the display table on a tiny cylindrical chair, arms slack under ③his loose-fit tees. And next to him was Seth, lanky and slim in ④his khakis and long-sleeve knits. They formed an unnatural trio, with Cynthia always standing alone at her end of the table, adventurous and daring in ⑤her bright-colored dress.

- a ①                      b ②
- c ③                      d ④
- e ⑤

32. What is the purpose of this passage? [1.8점]

Being an outdoor cat is all fine and cool, until it's negative degrees outside. Consider this problem solved, because now your outdoor cat will be riding out the cold weather in a heated cat house. The shelter is designed to help kitties beat the elements. It's made from 600 denier nylon, with a vinyl backing to make it waterproof, and there are two doors with plastic flaps that are secured with Velcro. The heated version (you can also get it unheated) comes with the brand's Lectro-Soft outdoor heated pad. It has been tested and certified by MET Labs for electrical safety standards, so your cat will be safely warm. It is for outdoor cats, but the house can be used indoors as well. The outer measurements are 18 x 22 inches, and the heated pad is 14 x 18 inches. The cat house comes in an olive color, as well as various designs, including a barn, cottage, and log cabin.

- a to protect cats from city traffic
- b to pass the construction regulations
- c to propose high-technology for cat house
- d to advertise the new product of cat house
- e to give instructions on cat house building

[33-34] Read the passage and answer the questions.

The fourteenth century was an age of disintegration that witnessed the Hundred Year's War, the catastrophic plague known as the black death, and a weakening of the feudal system and of the Catholic church. Literary works of the fourteenth century stressed sensuality more than virtue. Given this atmosphere, it's not surprising that \_\_\_\_\_ music became more important than sacred music in the fourteenth century. Composers wrote polyphonic music that was not based on Gregorian chant, including drinking songs and pieces in which birdcalls, barking dogs, and shouting hunters were imitated. By the early fourteenth century, a new system of music notation had evolved, and a composer could specify almost any rhythmic pattern. Now beats could be subdivided into two as well as three. Syncopation—rarely used earlier—became an important rhythmic practice. Changes in musical style in the fourteenth century were so profound that music theorists referred to French and Italian music as the new art.

33. Which is the most appropriate for the blank? [1.8점]

- Ⓐ ritual                      Ⓑ marching
- Ⓒ religious                  Ⓓ secular
- Ⓔ instrumental

34. Which is the best title of the passage? [1.8점]

- Ⓐ Harmonious Relations among Musicians in Europe
- Ⓑ Disintegration Leading to Chaotic Situations in Europe
- Ⓒ What Caused Changes in Musical Style in the Modern Era?
- Ⓓ Europe as the Center of Social Changes in the 14th Century
- Ⓔ Fourteenth-Century Music: the New Art in Europe

[35-36] Read the passage and answer the questions.

The temporary increase in fertility is labeled the Baby Boom, a term for the generation of children born between 1946 and 1964, a period of high fertility relative to prewar years. Several social and economic factors account for the Baby Boom. It was not simply that men

returning from the war made up for lost time with their wives. Such an effect often accompanies the end of a war, but the Baby Boom lasted much longer. The economic growth of the United States continued following World War II. As economic growth increases, so does the demand for labor. This demand is often met by new immigrants in a population. In the United States, however, restrictive laws had reduced the number of immigrants. The pool of available labor was also reduced by the fact that there had been fewer births during the 1920s and 1930s, perhaps in part due to the Great Depression. Thus, fewer men were available to meet the increased demand. Women tended to be locked out of many occupations because of gender bias. Though it is true that women took the place of men in the workforce during the war, afterward the preference for women to remain at home raising children prevailed.

The relative lack of available labor meant that young men returning from the war often had excellent opportunities for employment. A good income meant that men could afford to marry and raise families earlier than they could under different circumstances. The economic conditions prevailing after World War II meant that a couple could have several children without lowering their standard of living. People married earlier, and the spacing between births was shorter than in previous times, both of which contributed to an increase in the \_\_\_\_\_.

35. Which is the most appropriate for the blank? [1.6점]

- Ⓐ birth rate
- Ⓑ divorce rate
- Ⓒ employment
- Ⓓ income for young men
- Ⓔ demand for immigrants

36. What is the main idea of the passage? [2.4점]

- Ⓐ The Baby Boom was closely related to the Great Depression.
- Ⓑ Social and economic factors affected the rate of population growth.
- Ⓒ Economic recessions created fewer births during the 1920s and 1930s.
- Ⓓ World War II caused old people to have better chances for employment.
- Ⓔ Women suffered gender bias at workplaces during World War II in the United States.

[37-38] Read the passage and answer the questions.

These days you don't have to look far to see the connection between commercialism and sports. For example, at Olympic competitions, athletes' uniforms and equipment bear the discreet but readily identifiable trademarks of their manufacturers. After the Games we see winning Olympians endorsing all manner of products, including breakfast cereal. They become celebrities and appear on television shows, make movies, go on the talk circuit, and do many other things to cash in on their fame. Is it all too much? Do you ever wish we could return to the pure notion of the sport competitions of the ancient Olympic games? Maybe, though, we'd be surprised at what we'd find there! Ancient Greeks monetarily honored and even marketed their athletic heroes. Although a garland of olive leaves from a tree at Zeus' shrine was the official prize awarded, an Olympic victory was also \_\_\_\_\_. Poets were often commissioned to celebrate these victories with odes, and sculptors were employed to render an image of the athlete to be placed in a sanctuary. Coins were minted to commemorate athletic victories, and some city-states awarded stipends to Olympic winners or allowed them to dine at public expense for life.

37. Which is the most appropriate for the blank? [2.2점]

- Ⓐ sacred
- Ⓑ lucrative
- Ⓒ inheritable
- Ⓓ unforgettable
- Ⓔ complimentary

38. Which is the best title of the passage? [2.2점]

- Ⓐ In Search of the Olympic Spirit
- Ⓑ Olympians for Future Celebrities
- Ⓒ Olympic Games for World Competitions
- Ⓓ Are Today's Olympians Too Commercial?
- Ⓔ Sports and Humans: Being One for Peace

[39-40] Read the passage and answer the questions.

The United States is a society composed of many groups of people, some of whom originally belonged to other societies. [A] Sociologists consider the United States a pluralistic society, meaning it is built of many groups. [B] They

argue that, as societies modernize, these societies attract people from countries where there may be economic hardship, political unrest, or religious persecution. [C] Fleeing poverty and religious persecution, these immigrants arrived in waves from Europe and Asia and helped create the pluralism that makes the United States unique. [D] Some practices that are common in other societies will inevitably offend or contradict the values and beliefs of the new society. [E] Groups seeking to become part of a pluralistic society often have to give up many of their original traditions in order to fit in—a process known as assimilation.

39. Which is the best place for the sentence in the box? [2.2점]

Many people came to the United States between the mid-nineteenth and mid-twentieth centuries.

- Ⓐ [A]
- Ⓑ [B]
- Ⓒ [C]
- Ⓓ [D]
- Ⓔ [E]

40. Which is the example of the underlined assimilation? [2.4점]

- Ⓐ The society of the Yanomamo has fluid land boundaries. While outsiders would have a hard time determining where Yanomamo land begins and ends, the Yanomamo people have no trouble discerning which land is theirs and which is not.
- Ⓑ Although Islam was practiced in both parts of the country, the residents of East Pakistan spoke Bengali, while the residents of West Pakistan spoke Urdu. Geographic distance, language differences, and other factors proved insurmountable.
- Ⓒ The U.S. guarantees the equal rights to everyone. However, powerful informal mechanisms, such as prejudice and discrimination, work to keep many groups out of the political process or out of certain neighborhoods.
- Ⓓ Although Chinese immigrants started arriving in the U.S. 150 years ago, Chinese-American communities still follow some traditions, such as celebrating the Lunar New Year.
- Ⓔ When people arrive in the U.S. from other countries, they most likely speak a foreign language, but they learn at least some English. Their children are bilingual, and by the third generation, the language originally spoken is often lost.

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