KGU 경기대학교

2021학년도 편입학 필기시험 문제지 (A형)

일반편입학 : 인문계·예체능계

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◆ 수험생 유의사항 ◆

1. 문제지는 총 **40문항으로** 구성되어 있습니다.
2. 문항배점

   1번～10번 문항 : 2.0점

   11번～30번 문항 : 2.5점

   31번～40번 문항 : 3.0점
3. **문제지의 유형과 답안지의 유형이 동일한지** 확인하고 작성하여야 합니다.
4. 수험번호 표기란과 답안 표기란은 감독관이 지급한 **컴퓨터용 사인펜만을 사용하여야 합니다.**
5. 답안을 표기할 경우 "●" 같이 정확히 마킹하여야 하며, **부정확한 표기로 인하여 전산상 더블마킹 및 블랭크로 처리되는 것은 수험생의 책임으로 합니다.**

   ▶ 잘못 표기된 예 : ⊙ Ⓥ ⏀
6. **답안을 수정하고자 할 경우 감독관에게 새 답안지를 요청하여 다시 기재하여야 합니다.**

   ▶ 한번 표기한 답은 "×" 표를 하거나 칼로 긁거나 수정액으로 지우는 등 어떠한 방법으로도 고쳐서는 안되며 고친 문항 및 이중마킹한 경우에는 "0" 점 처리합니다.

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(#1-10) Choose the option that best completes each sentence. (2 points for each question)

1. The finance minister's opinion _____ from that of the prime minister, causing conflict within the party.
   (1) diverged (2) refrained
   (3) vanished (4) scrambled

2. As more people migrate to large cities in search of work, the populations of many small towns are _____.
   (1) ascending (2) emerging
   (3) dwindling (4) prevailing

3. The Early Modern Era _____ the period between the end of the Middle Ages and the beginning of the Age of Revolution.
   (1) classified (2) spanned
   (3) traversed (4) aligned

4. Because the author's novels were so similar to those of his mentor, many critics dismissed his work as _____.
   (1) causative (2) declarative
   (3) formative (4) derivative

5. The writing in the old manuscript was so small and faded that much of it was only _____ under a magnifying glass.
   (1) viable (2) legible
   (3) pliable (4) feasible

6. John's calm face _____ the fear he was feeling at that moment.
   (1) decried (2) enticed
   (3) dodged (4) belied

7. Tim often _____ about his career, telling anyone who would listen that he was a very successful lawyer.
   (1) boasted (2) seethed
   (3) wavered (4) exhaled

8. To avoid having to raise additional funds later, the government established an emergency fund to help it deal with any _____ that might arise.
   (1) discretions (2) stipulations
   (3) contingencies (4) continuities

9. The teacher's instructions were so _____ that many students found it extremely difficult to follow them.
   (1) embroiled (2) superlative
   (3) preemptive (4) convoluted

10. Susan had always been an introvert, _____ social interaction in favor of reading novels or taking peaceful walks.
    (1) eschewing (2) espousing
    (3) patronizing (4) nurturing

(#11-20) Choose the option that is closest in meaning to the underlined part. (2.5 points for each question)

11. The hotel was popular with surfers, as it was located in close **proximity** to the area's beaches.
    (1) openness (2) similarity
    (3) nearness (4) comparison

12. After being criticized by his manager, the employee complained to his coworkers that the **admonition** had been unfair.
    (1) burden (2) hassle
    (3) fatigue (4) scolding

13. The ex-convict devoted himself to community service in an attempt to **atone** for his past misdeeds.
    (1) cover up (2) make amends
    (3) have concern (4) show consideration

14. Repairs began immediately on the dam, whose structural integrity had been **compromised** by the earthquake.
    (1) measured (2) shattered
    (3) harassed (4) impaired

15. The travel brochure recommends a rather **circuitous** route to the hotel in order to help travelers avoid congested roads.
    (1) roundabout (2) makeshift
    (3) steadfast (4) easygoing

16. To **expedite** the immigration check, please have your arrival card filled out before you approach the window.
    (1) certify (2) prompt
    (3) hasten (4) impose

17. Never one to hide her opinion, Nancy always spoke with great **candor**.
(1) solidarity (2) sympathy
(3) frankness (4) reserve

18. The students were **mesmerized** by the amazing science demonstration and simply could not look away.
(1) spellbound (2) dismayed
(3) forsaken (4) gratified

19. Restaurants that offer fine dining are **fastidious** about the quality of everything from ingredients to service.
(1) peevish (2) exacting
(3) frivolous (4) outdated

20. To disguise their invasion plans, the Allies engaged in a campaign of **subterfuge** prior to the Normandy landings.
(1) deception (2) warfare
(3) hostility (4) persuasion

(#21-30) Identify the one underlined expression that must be corrected in each sentence. (2.5 points for each question)

21. Korean **was** (1) her second language, Jen constantly **had to** (2) look up **unfamiliar** (3) words **while** (4) reading Korean novels.

22. Employees **seeking** (1) to be reimbursed for business-related expenses **are required** (2) to submit relevant **documentations** (3) such as receipts to support **their** (4) claims.

23. **Upon** (1) learning that its product was **potentially** (2) defective, the company wasted no time **in** (3) issuing a public warning and urging customers **are returning** (4) it for a full refund.

24. While many couples **still** (1) want to have a large, traditional wedding, **other** (2) now prefer **to hold** (3) a small, intimate ceremony with only close friends and family members **present** (4).

25. Because the president's approval rating stood at **a** (1) dismal 32%, **virtually** (2) no one thought she had **much of** (3) a chance **for** (4) prevailing in the upcoming election.

26. **Although** (1) the medical test has been **strongly** (2) recommended, **few** (3) doctors are actually using it, **that** (4) is very unfortunate.

27. The candidate requested **that** (1) his campaign advertisement **was aired** (2) as much as **was allowed** (3) **under** (4) current campaign regulations.

28. The rumors **surrounding** (1) the CEO's retirement plan **was** (2) determined **to have come** (3) from a **wholly** (4) unreliable source and therefore to be without merit.

29. After **disembark** (1) from the airplane, the traveler **was asked** (2) to submit to a health examination, as she **had shown** (3) various signs of illness during the flight, including **coughing** (4) and a runny nose.

30. The National Library, **which** (1) was designed by **none** (2) other than Robert Wilson, **perhaps** (3) the most famous architect in the country, **has designated** (4) a historic monument.

(#31-40) Read the following passages and choose the one best answer for each question. (3 points for each question)

Questions 31-33 are based on the following passage.

Despite their reputation for opposing the development of alternative energy sources, oil companies were early adopters of solar energy technology. In the 1970s, for example, one major American oil company installed this technology on its off-shore oil rigs. For safety reasons, these rigs were required by federal law to have bright lights. On most rigs, these lights were powered by batteries that needed to be replaced frequently and at great expense. The used batteries also often ended up in the sea, creating an environmental liability for rig operators. Seeking a better way of illuminating their rigs, the oil company turned to solar panels, which had been pioneered by government space agencies decades earlier. The company's efforts represented one of the earliest commercial applications of solar power and a significant step toward **bringing down** the cost of generating such power.

31. Which of the following is closest in meaning to the underlined phrase **bringing down**?
(1) avoiding (2) damaging
(3) reducing (4) delivering

32. According to the passage, what did the oil company use solar energy for?
(1) To provide backup power for its oil rigs
(2) To transport the oil produced by its oil rigs
(3) To illuminate the sea floor during oil exploration
(4) To maintain a consistent power supply for the lights on its oil rigs

33. What can be inferred from the passage?
(1) Space flight engineers commercialized solar panels.
(2) The lights on off-shore oil rigs were normally fueled mainly by oil.
(3) Off-shore oil rig workers threw spent batteries into the sea.
(4) Solar panels were found to function poorly off shore.

Questions 34-36 are based on the following passage.

The cone snail is an ocean-dwelling creature that hunts fish using its powerful venom. Because it is slow moving, it relies on a spearlike object on its head to strike its prey and inject its venom from a distance. This venom incapacitates fish, which allows the cone snail to capture and consume them. Except in the case of relatively large specimens, cone snails do not generally deliver a sting powerful enough to kill humans. **(A)**, their venom can produce swelling, muscle paralysis, and breathing problems. Another effect of the venom is localized numbness, which keeps prey from realizing that it has been struck by the cone snail. Using the chemical compounds that mimic this effect, scientists have created a drug that reduces sensitivity to pain. This drug has been approved by the US Food and Drug Administration for medical use.

34. Which of the following is most appropriate for blank **(A)**?
(1) Finally (2) Therefore
(3) Still (4) Moreover

35. Which of the following is correct about cone snails?
(1) They inject venom by biting prey with their sharp teeth.
(2) They grab onto their prey before injecting their venom.
(3) Their venom is almost always fatal to humans.
(4) Their victims may remain unaware of having been stung.

36. What is the medicine developed from cone snail venom designed to do?
(1) Dull pain (2) Relax muscles
(3) Lessen numbness (4) Improve breathing

Questions 37-40 are based on the following passage.

The British artist J. M. W. Turner is reputed to have gone to incredible lengths to capture the essence of nature. According to one story, he was so bent on experiencing the natural world depicted in his paintings that he once tied himself to the mast of a ship during a ferocious storm. Afterwards, it is said, he drew on his ordeal to create one of his masterpieces, *Snow Storm* (1842). While most experts dismiss the anecdote about Turner being tied to the mast as a **(A)**, they acknowledge that he did have first-hand knowledge of the storm in question. Turner himself was eager for the world to know that he had witnessed the storm that he later depicted. In fact, he gave the painting an **outlandishly** detailed title (usually abbreviated) emphasizing the fact that he had been aboard the ship during the storm. When *Snow Storm* was unveiled, it was rapturously received by John Ruskin, one of the Victorian era's foremost art critics. However, few others shared Ruskin's sentiments toward Turner's painting. Despite the frostiness of this initial reaction, *Snow Storm* has gone on to become an iconic example of British Romantic painting. Inspired by the story of its genesis, a major figure in modern British art even reenacted Turner's legendary ordeal, which the modern artist likened to Christ's crucifixion.

37. Which of the following is most appropriate for blank **(A)**?
(1) fabrication (2) calamity
(3) torment (4) disappointment

38. Which of the following is closest in meaning to the underlined word **outlandishly**?
(1) deceptively (2) methodically
(3) absurdly (4) gracefully

39. Why did Turner allegedly tie himself to a ship's mast?
(1) To reenact the ordeal of an earlier British artist
(2) To gain direct observations of powerful natural phenomena
(3) To be able to continue working on a painting during a storm
(4) To make a symbolic point about Jesus Christ's crucifixion

40. Which is correct about Turner's painting *Snow Storm*?
(1) It was not actually a painting of a snow storm.
(2) It was given an unusually long title by the artist.
(3) It was dismissed by the influential John Ruskin.
(4) It was largely well received by the era's critics.

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