

2013학년도 건국대 편입학 영어 문제지

<20문항 45분>

수험번호		성명	
------	--	----	--

[문항별 배점: 1-20 5점]

1. Choose the one most suitable to the blank.

_____ is an expression, idea, or element of an artistic work which has been overused to the point of losing its original meaning or effect, especially when at some earlier time it was considered meaningful or novel. The term is frequently used in modern culture for an action or idea which is expected or predictable, based on a prior event. Typically a pejorative, _____ are not always false or inaccurate; a _____ may or may not be true.

- ① aphorism ② stereotype
③ truism ④ cliché
⑤ nuance

2. What is the most probable theme of this passage?

Newborn infants do not seem to experience fear or have preferences for contact with any specific people. In the first few months they only experience happiness, sadness, and anger. A baby's first smile usually occurs between 6 and 10 weeks. It is called a 'social smile' because it usually occurs during social interactions. By about 8–12 months, they go through a fairly rapid change and become fearful of perceived threats; they also begin to prefer familiar people and show anxiety and distress when separated from them or approached by strangers.

- ① child therapy ② child development
③ child intelligence ④ child cognition
⑤ childish behavior

3. Choose the one figure most appropriate to fill in the blank.

About a quarter of the population of Korea live in Seoul. If the average income of those living in Seoul is twice as much as the average income of those living outside Seoul, the total income of Seoul residents should be approximately _____ of the national income.

- ① $\frac{1}{5}$
② $\frac{1}{4}$
③ $\frac{1}{3}$
④ $\frac{1}{2}$
⑤ $\frac{2}{5}$

[4-5] Choose the one most suitable to fill in the blank.

4. Why has governmental intervention in schooling in the U.S.A. developed along the lines it has? I do not have the detailed knowledge of educational history that would be required to answer this question definitively. A few conjectures may be useful to suggest the kind of considerations that may _____ the present social policy.

- ① test ② contribute
③ evaluate ④ alter ⑤ help

5. When you deposit a dollar of cash in a bank, the bank may add 15 to 20 cents to its cash; the rest it will lend out through another window. The borrower may in turn redeposit it, in this or another bank, and the process is repeated. The result is that for every dollar of cash owned by banks, they _____ several dollars of deposits.

- ① lend ② owe
③ deposit ④ exchange
⑤ increase

[6-7] Read the passage and answer the question.

Postmodernism is largely a reaction to scientific or objective efforts to explain reality. Postmodernism tends to be defined either as the period after modernism or as a 'condition' whereby established values are rapidly eroded by new technological advances and a general apprehension of what the future will bring. In essence, postmodernism is based on the position that reality is not mirrored in human understanding of it, but is rather constructed as the mind tries to understand its own personal reality. Postmodernism is therefore skeptical of explanations that claim to be valid for all groups, cultures, traditions, or races, therefore having a _____ view on reality. In the postmodern understanding, interpretation is everything; reality only comes into being through our interpretations of what the world means to us individually. Postmodernism relies on concrete experience over abstract principles, arguing that the outcome of one's own experience will necessarily be fallible rather than certain or universal.

6. Fill in the blank with the most suitable word.

- ① relativistic ② utilitarian
③ spiritual ④ artistic
⑤ secular

7. Find one which is not true to the statement about postmodernism.

- ① It claims that many apparent realities are only social constructs and are therefore subject to change.
- ② It claims that there is no absolute truth and that the way people perceive the world is subjective.
- ③ It welcomes the use of binary classifications such as male versus female, straight versus gay, and imperial versus colonial.
- ④ It holds realities to be plural and relative, and to be dependent on who the interested parties are and what the nature of these interests are.
- ⑤ It considers the ways in which social dynamics, such as power and hierarchy, effects the way knowledge is constructed and used.

8. What is the passage about?

A woman was near death from a special kind of cancer. There was one drug that the doctors thought might save her. It was a form of radium that a druggist in the same town had recently discovered. The drug was expensive to make, but the druggist was charging ten times what the drug cost him to produce. He paid \$200 for the radium and charged \$2,000 for a small dose of the drug. The sick woman's husband, Heinz, went to everyone he knew to borrow the money, but he could only get together about \$1,000, which is half of what it cost. He told the druggist that his wife was dying and asked him to sell it cheaper or let him pay later. But the druggist said, "No, I discovered the drug and I'm going to make money from it." So Heinz got desperate and broke into the man's store to steal the drug for his wife. Should Heinz have broken into the laboratory to steal the drug for his wife? Why or why not?

- ① moral dilemma ② logical contradiction
- ③ psychological trauma ④ emotional disorder
- ⑤ emotional stress

9. Choose the one which is not true to the passage.

A sentence is a series of symbols which follow grammatical rules. On the other hand, a statement is what is expressed by a sentence. Namely a statement is a content which has a truth value. So it is a statement, not a sentence, that is either true or false.

- ① The same sentence may express different statements.
- ② Two different sentences may express the same statement.
- ③ The statement that there is an extra-terrestrial is either true or false.
- ④ "Obama is a man." and "The president of US is a man." are different sentences.
- ⑤ "Tom loves Mary." and "Mary is loved by Tom." express different statements.

[10-11] Read the passage and answer the question about BDD patients.

People with Body dysmorphic disorder(BDD) say that they wish that they could change or improve some aspect of their physical appearance even though they may generally be of normal or even highly attractive appearance. It may cause sufferers to believe that they are so unspeakably hideous that they are unable to interact with others or function normally for fear of ridicule and humiliation about their appearance. This can cause those with this disorder to begin to seclude themselves or have trouble in social situations. More extreme cases may cause a person to develop love-shyness, a chronic avoidance of all intimate relationships.

10. Which of the following cannot be inferred about BDD sufferers from the passage?

- ① They may be reluctant to seek help because they don't want to socialize.
- ② They may be too shy to interact with others.
- ③ BDD is caused by the physical deformity.
- ④ Their assessment of self-value is closely linked with the perception of their appearance.
- ⑤ They judge others' faces and bodies according to standards of physical attractiveness.

11. The term associated with the idea that beauty is everything is _____.

- ① myth ② lookism
- ③ physicalism ④ attraction
- ⑤ aesthetics

[12-13] Read the passage and answer the question.

People who fear the future attempt to secure themselves with money, property, health insurance, personal relationships, marriage contracts. Parents attempt to bind their children to them. Some fearful children are reluctant to leave the home nest. Husbands and wives try to guarantee the continuance of the other's life and services. The harsh psychological truth is that there is no permanence in human relationships, any more than there is in the stock market, the weather, national security, and so on. This clutching on society can be very discouraging to interpersonal relationships, and will impede your own self-growth. The more each of us can learn to be truly in the present with our others, making no rules and erecting no fences for the future, the stronger we will be in ourselves and the closer and happier in our relationship.

12. What is the most suitable title for the passage?

- ① anxiety society ② information society
- ③ future society ④ experience society
- ⑤ post-industrial society

13. Find the one not true to the passage.

- ① We have to confront a diversity of open possibilities.
- ② We need to worry about future.
- ③ We can lead a life guided by established habits and traditions.
- ④ We have to be prepared to come to terms with stressful events.
- ⑤ We have to learn to contemplate novel courses of action.

14. Choose the one which is not true about the following argument.

If you pick up a pocket watch and look at the mechanism, you will immediately come to think that someone designed the watch. The universe and all its parts also fit together like a well-crafted machine.

- ① The argument claims that there is a designer of the universe.
- ② The argument supports the claim that an intelligent being such as God exists.
- ③ The argument uses an analogy between a pocket watch and the universe.
- ④ A way to strengthen the argument is to add the fact that there are so many theists in the world.
- ⑤ A way to weaken the argument is to show the universe is not like a well-crafted machine by giving counter-evidence such as earthquake.

15. Choose the one which is not true to the passage.

Suppose a scientist removes someone's brain and keeps it alive in a vat of nutrients. The scientist hooks up the brain to a computer that supplies the same inputs that would ordinarily come from the eyes and ears. If the computer does its job perfectly, the person whose brain is in the vat will continue to have the same experiences as before. From his point of view, nothing will have changed. But his life will be an illusion created by the computer. A clever movie, *The Matrix*, exploits this possibility. In the movie, people's brains are not removed, but their bodies are connected to a giant computer that achieves the same effect. The people in *The Matrix* are made to think that they live in a physical world of buildings and weather and cars, but that world exists only in their mind.

- ① Our scientific technology is already good enough to make a brain in a vat.
- ② If I am a brain in a vat, my experiences do not come from the actual world.
- ③ The story of the brain in a vat may cause us to doubt the existence of real objects.
- ④ Some people in *The Matrix* are similar to the brain in the vat since their experiences are illusions.
- ⑤ It is imaginable that there is no difference in my experiences and those of the brain in the vat's.

16. Choose the one that does not correctly describe the two jailors' decisions.

Suppose you and Smith are arrested and charged with a crime. The police offered you the following deal. If Smith does not confess, but you confess and testify against him, you will be released and Smith will get 10 years in prison. If Smith confesses and you don't, the situation will be reversed - he will be released and you will be sentenced to 10 years in prison. If both of you confess, each will be sentenced to 5 years. But if neither of you confesses, there won't be enough evidence to convict either of you. They can hold you for a year, but then they will have to let both of you go. Finally you are told that Smith is being offered the same deal; but you cannot communicate with him and you have no way of knowing what he will do.

- ① If Smith confesses, it is better for me to confess.
- ② If Smith does not confess, it is better for me not to confess.
- ③ All things considered, it is better for Smith to confess regardless of whether I confess.
- ④ If Smith and I confess, both will be given 5 year sentences which are worse off than the best result, that is 1 year each.
- ⑤ This case is a dilemma because by rationally pursuing each one's own interests, both Smith and I fail to get the best consequence.

[17-18] Read the passage and answer the question.

Or, to change the metaphor slightly, professional investment may be likened to those newspaper competitions in which the competitors have to pick out the six prettiest faces from a hundred photographs, the prize being awarded to the competitor whose choice most nearly corresponds to the average preferences of the competitors as a whole; so that each competitor has to pick, not those faces which he himself finds prettiest, but those which he thinks likeliest to catch the fancy of the other competitors, all of whom are looking at the problem from the same point of view.

17. Who is most likely to win the competition?

- ① Amy who chooses six faces randomly.
- ② Bella who chooses the first six faces in the list.
- ③ Clara who chooses those faces that she considers prettiest.
- ④ Dennis who chooses those faces that she considers average.
- ⑤ Elisa who makes a choice after considering what others would do.

18. Which of the following most likely represents the author's opinion about the professional investment?

- ① Buying blue chips is the best investment.
- ② Investment should be based on fundamentals.
- ③ It is not possible to make profit out of investment.
- ④ Investment is harmful to the society.
- ⑤ Market sentiment does matter.

[19-20] Read the passage and answer the question.

Even apart from the instability due to speculation, there is the instability due to the characteristics of human nature that a large proportion of our positive activities depend on spontaneous optimism rather than on a mathematical expectation, whether moral or economic. Most of our decisions to do something positive, the full consequences of which will be drawn out over many days to come, can only be taken as a result of _____.

19. Which of the following behavior is consistent with the human nature?

- ① I bought a lottery because I saw a dragon in my dream last night.
- ② I bought a lottery because the cost was less than the expected payoff.
- ③ I did not buy a lottery because I did not want to speculate.
- ④ I did not buy a lottery because I did not think I would win.
- ⑤ I decided not to buy a lottery after tossing a coin.

20. Choose the one most suitable to fill in the blank.

- ① religious belief
- ② contingent valuation
- ③ mathematical calculation
- ④ rational speculation
- ⑤ animal spirits